#### AP 216 – APPENDIX A SPORT ACTIVITY HANDBOOK

#### Acknowledgements

The Division would like to express its appreciation to the following consultative groups who have developed the Physical Activities Safety Policy and the accompanying Sports / Activity Safety Guidelines Handbook.

#### Original Policy and Sports / Activity Safety Guidelines Handbook (1999):

- Sandra Reiber Fr. Gorman Elementary School
- Dale Howland St. Joseph Elementary School
- Jason Almond Holy Rosary High School
- Aubrey Patterson Holy Rosary High School
- Paul Theriault École St. Thomas
- Doug Robertson Superintendent of Instruction

#### Revised Policy and Sports / Activity Safety Guidelines Handbook (2003):

- Aaron Oakes- Fr. Gorman Community School
- Cheryl Hall St. Joseph Elementary School
- Stewart Kehler Holy Rosary High School
- Bob Androschuk St. Mary's Elementary School
- Denis Fortier / Andrea Fallscheer École St. Thomas
- Doug Robertson Superintendent of Instruction

#### **Applying the Guiding Principles in Various Situations**

Students in the Division participate in physical activities in several types of situations including:

- Gym and playground instructional physical education, K-9
- Gym and playground credit physical education, 10-12
- Off-site instructional activities, such as cross-country running and skiing
- Overnight instructional activities such as camping trips
- Special events such as play day and sports day

#### **General Guiding Principles:**

- During noon and recess, students and school staff are expected to observe the general
  physical education safety guidelines; however, students may wear jewelry and are not
  required to wear the physical education uniform of T-shirt, shorts or sweatpants, and
  running shoes.
- During off-site instruction activities, the school's field trip policy applies as well as the physical education safety policy.
- During special events such as play day and sports day, students and school staff are expected to observe the general physical education safety guidelines documented herein.
- Parents/guardians must be notified when students will be off school property for physical activities.
- A parent consent form (Form 216-1 or Form 216-2) must be completed when activities involve an overnight stay away from home (e.g., camping, outdoor education, fieldtrips, alpine skiing/snowboarding).

#### **Roles and Responsibilities**

The Division's physical education safety policy acknowledges that physical education safety is the responsibility of the entire community, not just students and teachers. Children and adolescents come to school with attitudes about safety that they have learned at home and in the community.

It is easier to implement safe practices at school such as wearing helmets and eye protection when parents reinforce the school's message. Students are more willing to follow safety rules and guidelines for sports when they see the adults and older students around them following the same safety rules and talking about safe practices in sport.

Every safety conscious action taken by parents and community members sends a message to children and adolescents. Every time a parent or community member picks up a rock on the playground, praises a professional athlete for safe play, or wears protective equipment themselves, they are emphasizing the importance of safety.

It is important that the physical education safety policy and sports safety guidelines should apply to everyone actively participating, not just students. Board members, teachers, in-school administrators, other staff (such as the custodian and secretary), and community volunteers who help with the physical education program are all expected to observe them. Teachers and coaches of activities are expected to wear the same protective equipment as students as outlined in this Handbook.

This is important because it provides positive role models for students and helps ensure the safety of adults involved in physical activities.

Statement of roles and responsibilities:

#### **Principal**

- Provide leadership in implementing the physical education safety policy in the school
- Provide leadership in creating a physical education safety awareness in the school and the larger community

#### **Teachers**

- Provide leadership in implementing the physical education safety policy in their classes
- Provide leadership in creating a physical education safety awareness in their classes and in the school as a whole
- Assume responsibility for educating themselves about safe physical education practices

#### **Students**

- Assume a level of responsibility for their personal safety that is appropriate for their age
- Follow school expectations concerning behavior and cooperation
- Educate their parents/guardians and the larger community about safe physical education practices

#### **High-Risk Activities**

The Division recognizes that there are activities that are not recommended for in-class activities for students at each grade level. Schools are encouraged to consider alternate program options to replace high-risk activities. Teachers who wish to instruct a high-risk activity require written

permission from the Director or designate and must develop a sports safety guideline for insertion in this Handbook. Activities considered to be high risk by the Division include the following:

- 1. Archery
- 2. Baseball / Softball
- 3. Boardsailing
- 4. Diving (Springboard and Tower)
- 5. Fencing
- 6. Football (Gr. K-8)
- 7. Golf
- 8. Gymnastics
  - 8.1 Bars and rings (Gr. K-9)
  - 8.2 Springboard (Gr. K-12)
  - 8.3 Trampoline (Gr. K-12)
  - 8.4 Bars, rings, and ropes (K-12)
- 9. Horseback Riding
- 10. Martial Arts
- 11. Outdoor Education
  - 11.1 Canoe Tripping (Gr. K-8)
  - 11.2 Lake Swimming (Gr. K-3)
  - 11.3 Outdoor Rock climbing and fixed face climbs
  - 11.4 Indoor Rock climbing (Gr. K-9)
  - 11.5 Winter Camping
- 12. Rugby
- 13. Scuba diving
- 14. Skiing (Alpine) and Snow Boarding
- 15. Snorkeling
- 16. Synchronized Swimming
- 17. Track and Field
  - 17.1 Pole Vault
- 18. Weight Training (Gr. K-7)

#### **Student Supervision**

The following supervisory terms are distinct in the Sports / Activity Guidelines"

- <u>"Constant visual supervision"</u> means that the teacher is physically present, watching the activity in progress.
- <u>"On-site supervision"</u> means that the teacher is present but not necessarily constantly viewing one specific activity.
- <u>"In the area Supervision"</u> means that the teacher could in the gymnasium while another activity is taking place in an area adjacent to the gymnasium.

#### Jewellery

The Division acknowledges the inconsistency among provincial school coaches and officials in the interpretation of rules regarding the wearing of earrings, specifically earring studs. The lack of clarity in this regulation has a direct impact on the "no jewellery" clause in this Handbook. Until provincial sports and educational authorities indicate a clear position, coaches and teachers will interpret the clause as follows:

- Students will be prohibited from wearing earring studs unless they are taped while participating in all SHSAA sanctioned events;
- Earring studs may be worn by students at the discretion of the parent for Physical Education classes and activities.

## **AQUATICS**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
	Wear suitable swim wear.  Tie hair back or wear it in a bun.  No jewelry.  If swimming outdoors, wear sunscreen.	Use community pools.  (For pond/lake swimming see outdoor education).	Adhere to the aquatic center / pool regulations:  Take showers before entering the pool.  Outline emergency procedures to students prior to entering the water.  No students with infected cuts or sores in pool.  Do screening/testing in shallow end initially.  Use a parent permission form when students go off school board property to a pool.  Inform in-charge person on deck of any student having medical problems that may affect the student's safety in the water. Conditions that require specific mention include a history of diabetes, asthma, heart condition, convulsions, epilepsy and frequent ear infections.	Ensure there is an individual in the immediate vicinity who is readily accessible and who has current first aid qualifications.  Ensure that teachers accompany pupils to the pool and stay on the deck or in the pool. Provide on-site supervision.  Monitor change rooms closely and frequently or make arrangements as necessary.

### **ARCHERY**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		GRAD	DES 5 - 12	
All equipment should be checked regularly for defects.	Shoes No jewelry	Appropriate targets should be used.  Areas should be free of obstructions and hazards.	"Firing" line should be established, appropriate to the skill level of students.  No one in front of firing line.  All students not involved in shooting must be positioned well behind the firing line and away	Constant visual supervision.  Archery is not recommended for K-4. Permission from a school Superintendent of Learning or designate is
Arm guards and finger tabs (optional).  Bow length and weight should correspond to the height and strength of the participant.  No compound bows or crossbows should be used.		Access/exit to the facility should be controlled and warning signs posted.  Targets should be placed away from entry or exit to avoid unintentional access to shooting area.	from the archers on the line.  Establish a start and stop shooting and retrieving procedure.  Students must receive instruction on safety procedures, shooting techniques, care and use of equipment and how to remove an arrow from a target butt carefully.  A loaded / unloaded bow should never be pointed at anyone.	recommended. In all instances, board policy/procedures should be followed.  At least one NASP trained adult must be present during any and all archery related activities.
			Bows should only be loaded on the shooting line, after the signal to shoot has been given.  Skills should be taught in proper progression.  For indoor shooting activity, the shooting area should be well-marked and controlled.	

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		GRADES 4-12	includes slowpitch	
Use proper fitting gloves.  Use a ball that is appropriate for level of play and skill development.  Bats must be checked for cracks or loose cups.  Batting helmets used.  If a catcher is used, full equipment must be worn.  Umpires must wear a mask and should have shin guards and chest protector.	No metal cleats.  No jewelry.  Wear suitable clothing for the weather.  Hats are optional.	Surface checked for debris and hazards.  Backstop checked for loose wire or holes that pose a risk.  Bench area is away from the playing surface.  Report holes and severely uneven surfaces to the principal and make students aware of them.	When teaching skills allow adequate space for each student to make a free, uninterrupted swing.  Ensure spacing when students are playing catch.  Teach skills in proper progression.  Modify activities/skills to the age and ability level of participants.	Provide on-site supervision.

#### BASKETBALL AND RELATED GAMES

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
Where an end wall is close to the baseline, place protective gym mats or padding beyond the "key" area.  Extend protective end wall mats up the wall from the top of the baseboard up the wall and a minimum width of 6 metres across the wall.  Where a stage is close to the baseline, place gym mats over the edge of the stage and extend them to the floor.	Wear suitable footwear and clothing.  No jewelry.	Use a playing surface (indoor or outdoor) and surrounding area that is clean, free of all obstacles and provides good traction.  Use protective padding on rectangular backboard edges in secondary school facilities.  Ensure that only trained adults or students under supervision use motorized or hand winches to raise and lower baskets.	Teach skills in proper progression.  Base games and activities on skills that are taught.  If cross-court play involves immovable obstacles or confined space (e.g., doors and radiators under side baskets or wall close to the baseline) modify rules appropriately (e.g., no lay-ups).	Provide on-site supervision

## **BENCHES, BEAMS, AND CHAIRS**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
Use stacking chairs that are free of cracks or chipped corners with seats and backs that are secured to the supports.  Use benches that are free of cracks, chipped corners or splinters on the usable surface.  Secure bench tops to all supports.	Wear suitable clothing and footwear.  No jewelry.	Provide enough space around chairs/benches for safe usage.  Place benches and chairs so that landings occur safe distances away from walls and other equipment.	Teach all skills in a logical progression from simple to complex. Ensure that student demonstrates control of basic movement before moving to more complicated skills (e.g., forward jumping and landing before backward jumping and/or jumping with turns).  Instruct students to jump up from chair/bench and land close so that chair/bench does not move.  Instruct students never to jump from seat over back of chair.	Provide on-site supervision.

## **BOWLING**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION		
	ALL GRADES					
	Wear proper shoes at all times, as provided or approved by the facility.  Street clothes are acceptable.		Make parents aware of any off-campus activity and the mode of transportation being used.  Follow rules and etiquette as outlined by the facility.  Teach skills in proper progression.	Provide in the area supervision.		

#### BROOMBALL NON-ICE AND ICE

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
	•	ALL (	GRADES	
Wear CSA approved hockey helmets if playing on ice. Goalies shall wear a protective mask. Use regulation broomball sticks. Use hockey nets or pylons for goals. Use nerf ball, utility ball or regulation broomball ball.	When broomball is played on fields, blacktop, or on rinks, wear suitable footwear and clothing for weather conditions.  No jewellery.	Use a playing surface that is free from obstacles.	Keep sticks below waist at all times.  Play only non-contact broomball in physical education class.  Extend crease 2 m from goal line, defensive or offensive player cannot be in the crease area.  Make parents aware of any off-campus activity and means of transportation.  Teach skills in proper progression.	Provide on-site supervision.

## **CROSS-COUNTRY RUNNING**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
	No bare feet.  Wear suitable footwear and clothing.	Prior to initial use of cross-country route, do a safety check "walk through" to identify potential hazards.  Familiarize students with the route or course before initial attempt (e.g., point out areas to approach with caution).  If route includes sidewalks around the school, ensure that students do not cross intersections unless directly supervised.	Instruct students in basic road safety.  Teach skills in proper progression.  Be aware of students with a history of asthma and other respiratory problems.  Notify parents when students will be running off the school campus.  Modify length of route to suit the age and ability level of the participants (e.g., design route so that primary students are in sight of the teacher most of the time).  Include a proper warm-up and cool-down in all classes.  Give attention to:  • temperature of the day  • length of time in sun  • previous training and length of preparation	Provide in the area supervision.

## CROSS-COUNTRY SKIING SNOWSHOEING

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
CROSS-COUNTRY SKIING:  Use skis, boots and poles that are in good repair and of appropriate size for the skier.  SNOWSHOEING:  Use snowshoes with frames and bindings that are in good repair.	Wear clothing appropriate for outdoor activity.  Wear layered clothing.	Define specific routes to the students, so they are aware of the boundaries for the activity, whether using a commercial or noncommercial site.  Consider sun, wind and snow conditions, and suitability of terrain when choosing a site. An ideal noncommercial site would include:  • a level field with practice tracks skied in by the instructor  • a hill with a gentle slope and a long run out, or the bottom section of a larger hill  • a variety of terrain  • proximity to warmth, food, waxing and other facilities.	Establish emergency procedures and explain those procedures to the students.  Teach skills in proper progression.  Discuss recognizing and treating frostbite and hypothermia with the students.  Have students check to be sure boots are secure in bindings.  Ski poles have sharp tips. Caution students about their use, especially when working close to others.  Be aware of students with a history of asthma and other respiratory problems.  Use a buddy system.  Make parents aware of off-campus activities.	For off-site activities, designate a supervisor (teacher, parent or responsible adult) who has a vehicle and is not the supervisor "in charge" to accompany an injured student to hospital.  Clearly outline duties of supervisors, including supervisors of small groups of students.  Provide in the area supervision for all sites within walking distance of the school and during field trips.

## **CURLING**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		GRAD	ES 6-12	
No slides shall be used by novice or inexperienced curlers while sweeping.	Wear clothing that is appropriate for cold temperature activity.  Wear appropriate footwear as defined appropriate by the curling facility.  No jewelry.	Use a curling rink for instruction.	Teach skills and etiquette in proper progression.	Provide on-site supervision.  Supervision shall include 1 teacher / class regular grouping.  Middle Level Introduction: 1 parent volunteer / class grouping to provide additional supervision and/or assist the instruction of curling skills.

## **CYCLING**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
Bicycles should be inspected before class use. Inspection should ensure working brakes, functioning gears, and inflated tires, etc.  Wear a correctly fitting helmet.  Bicycle size should be appropriate to the rider.	Wear suitable clothing and footwear (no open-toed shoes). Wear sun protection. No jewelry.	Choose routes carefully in terms of the length, amount of gravel and pavement, frequency of traffic, and number of complex intersections and railway crossings.  Prior to initial use of route, have teacher do a safety ride-through to address safety and suitability.  For off-road routes, obtain permission of landowner.	Review and emphasize the safety procedures to be followed (including group riding procedures) before activities begin.  Leave a record of students and the route they will be traveling in the school with an appropriate person.  Make students aware of emergency procedures in case of an accident.  Racing is not a suitable in-class activity.  Use a buddy system.  Inform parents that cycling will take students off school property.  No Earbuds.	Provide in the area supervision.

## DANCE, RHYTHMIC ACTIVITIES

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION		
	ALL GRADES					
Use electrical equipment that is in good working order.	Wear appropriate footwear (gymnastics slippers or running shoes). Bare feet are acceptable.  No jewelry.	Use a gym or very large room free from obstacles for instruction.	Teach skills in proper progression.	Provide on-site supervision for rhythmic activities.  Provide in the area supervision for dance.		

## DODGEBALL-TYPE GAMES TAG GAMES

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
Use a "nerf" ball, soft foam ball or utility ball for dodgeball-type games appropriate for age and activity.	No jewelry.  Wear suitable clothing and footwear.	Remove obstructions (e.g., desks, chairs) from playing area.  Close all access/exit doors.  Check playing surface regularly ensuring that it is clear from debris and provides good footing.	Modify rules to accommodate age, ability, and physical development of participants.  Establish rules for contact by the ball (e.g., no contact above shoulders/waists).  Teach skills in proper progression.	Provide constant visual supervision.

## FIELD HOCKEY

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
Use regulation field hockey sticks.  Have goaltender wear face mask, shin guards and full goalie equipment if regulation ball is used.  Check sticks regularly for cracks.  Use regulation field hockey balls or indoor "soft" balls.	Wear suitable footwear and clothing.  No jewelry.	Check playing surface regularly. A good playing surface is clear from debris and provides good footing.	Keep stick below waist level.  Implement a soccer-size crease area other than the scoring circle for the protection of the goalie.  Only the goalie is allowed in the crease.  Teach skills in proper progression.	Provide on-site supervision.

#### FITNESS ACTIVITIES

AEROBICS, CIRCUIT TRAINING, ETC.

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
Use stationary bicycles, benches, chinning bars, peg boards and other fitness equipment that is in good repair.  Use electrical equipment that is in good working order.  Use steps and/or slides that are in good repair and equipped with nonslip treads.  Use tubing/elastic strips that are the proper tension and length for level of participant.  Don't use free weights at the elementary level.	Wear suitable clothing and footwear.  No jewelry.	Do fitness activities in a floor area that is free of all obstacles (e.g., tables and chairs).  Allow adequate space between fitness activities and equipment to provide free flow of motion.	Modify fitness activities to reflect the age and ability level of students, the facilities and the equipment available.  Where fitness equipment is being used (e.g., stationary bicycle, medicine ball, chinning bar, tubing) instruct students in the proper use of the equipment before they begin using it.  Use a proper progression of activities:  1) warm-up 2) stretching 3) peak work activities (which may include muscle strength and endurance activities) 4) cool-down activities including tapering off, stretching and relaxation.  Stress correct body alignment for injury prevention.  Permit students to work at personal levels of intensity (e.g., low impact to high impact, low intensity to high intensity).  Teach skills in proper progression.	Provide on-site supervision.

## FLOOR HOCKEY GYM RINGETTE

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
Check stick regularly to ensure the blade is securely attached to the stick and that there are no cracks and splinters. For floor hockey, use only regulation plastic hockey sticks or hockey sticks with plastic blades. For ringette, use regulation ringette sticks. Have goalies wear a protective mask (e.g., catcher's mask).  Use a "soft" ball such as a nerf ball, or plastic or soft rubber puck.	Wear suitable clothing and footwear.  No jewelry.	Use a playing surface and surrounding area that is free of all obstacles (e.g., tables, chairs).  Make sure all floor plugs are in place.	Strictly enforce rules with penalties.  Teach skills in proper progression.  Base games and activities on skills that are taught.  No body contact.  Keep stick below the waist.  Implement a crease for protection of the goalie and do not allow other players in the crease.	Provide on-site supervision.

## FOOTBALL AERIAL, FLAG OR TOUCH FOOTBALL

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
Use footballs appropriate to the size and ability of the group (e.g., smaller football or nerf ball for younger students).	No metal or molded cleats.  Wear suitable gym clothing and footwear.  No jewelry.	Play in an area that is free of debris and obstructions and provides safe footing.	Teach skills in proper progression.  Clearly mark boundary lines.  Modify the rules of the game to accommodate differences in ability/age/physical development.  No blocking and tackling in aerial football.  No tackling in flag football.	Provide on-site supervision.

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		GRADES 8-12		
It is recommended that, at the time of equipment issue, a seminar for players, and possibly parents, be held to explain and stress the importance of proper fitting, safety, and maintenance. After such a seminar, each player should be personally supervised when equipment is fitted and issued.  It is expected that at least one member of the coaching staff of the high school football team will attend a Saskatchewan Amateur Football Inc. seminar/workshop on equipment each year. This individual should inspect all high school football equipment prior to issuing equipment for the season.  It is imperative that no player be allowed on the playing field without a certified, approved helmet.	No metal or molded cleats.  No jewelry.	Play in an area that is free of debris and obstructions.	The high school football team must have a medical plan in place before any games are played.  This should include:  A detailed emergency procedure  A designated vehicle to be used for emergencies  Medical personnel in attendance (either a doctor, nurse, or emergency-trained person)  Emergency equipment supplies such as stretchers, etc.  Source: Saskatchewan High School Athletic Association.	Provide on-site supervision.

## **GOLF**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		GRAD	ES 6 - 12	
Check equipment, especially grips, regularly and repair as needed.  No real golf balls on school property except for putting and chipping.  No motorized golf carts.	Wear suitable clothing and footwear.  No jewelry.	Allow adequate space for full backswing and follow through.	Adhere to the rules and regulations of the golf club.  Instruct students on proper golf etiquette.  Teach skills in proper progression.  Establish a safe routine for hitting and retrieving golf balls.  Designate a safe area for use of real balls while chipping.	Provide constant visual supervision for initial instruction and when chipping and using the driving range with real golf balls.  At the secondary level, constant visual supervision will be provided to Middle Level students  Provide in the area supervision following initial instruction.

	SUPERVISION
KINDERGARTEN TO GRADE 9	
The Basic Movement Pattern (BMP) approach to gymnastics used in the Saskatchewan physical education curriculum is such that safety considerations are built into the program. By teaching landings, one of the basic movement patterns, teachers prevent injuries. Many injuries that occur in a gymnastics context and in other physical activities are the result of landing incorrectly. Teach students how to land safely in a variety of situations and have students practice landings regularly so they are learned to the point of becoming reflex reactions.	
Spotting - manual assistance provided to participants while performing skills on the floor or on equipment is not appropriate in the elementary gymnastics program. Many gymnastics injuries are the result of attempting skills that students are not ready to perform. If the student needs spotting, this is a good indication that the student lacks the necessary physical or motor skills. Rather than have the student attempt the skill with a "spot", more activities that lead up to the skill can be provided. Not only does this approach prevent the tendency for students to become dependent on a spotter, it reflects the reality that in a large group setting the teacher cannot spot all the students.	
Don't force students to perform skills that are beyond their level of ability. When a student displays hesitation verbally or non-verbally, discuss the reason(s) for doubt with the student. After the discussion, if the teacher believes that a potential hesitancy during the performance of the skill could put the student at risk, the student can be directed toward a more basic skill.	
Mat work comes before use of equipment. A teacher who is unfamiliar with any gymnastics equipment can seek assistance from appropriate support staff and/or refrain from using the equipment until help is received.	
Skills are best taught in a logical progression from simple to complex. Students who demonstrate control of basic movement patterns are ready to go on to more complicated skills. For example, a landing on the feet should be performed with control on the floor before working on an elevated surface such as a box horse.	

# GYMNASTICS BEAT BOARD Kindergarten to Grade 9

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		KINDERGART	TEN TO GRADE 9	
Use velcro mats.	Wear close fitting gym clothing.  Bare feet are acceptable. Wear running shoes or gymnastics slippers. Remind students to tie their shoelaces securely.  No jewelry. Tie back long hair.	Design floor plan to allow enough space around each piece of apparatus for safety of movement.  Design floor plan to allow for landing at safe distances away from walls and other equipment.  Remove excess furniture and equipment (e.g., tables and chairs) from perimeter of gym.	Introduce beat board activities in a developmental sequence (e.g., take-offs and landing from beat board to mat before beat board to box horse).  Teach skills in proper progression.	Provide on-site supervision.

## **GYMNASTICS**

**BOX HORSE** Kindergarten to Grade 9

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		KINDERGART	TEN TO GRADE 9	
Don't use the beat board with the box horse at the primary level.  Use velcro mats to designate the landing area.	Wear close fitting gym clothing.  Bare feet are acceptable. Wear running shoes or gymnastics slippers. Remind students to tie their shoelaces securely.  No jewelry.  Tie back long hair.	Design floor plan to allow enough space around each piece of apparatus for safety of movement.  Design floor plan to allow for landings at safe distances away from walls and other equipment.  Remove excess furniture and equipment (e.g., tables and chairs) from perimeter of gym.	No aerial somersaults off the box horse.  Use a box horse that is a suitable height for students (e.g., below shoulder height) and appropriate to the activity.  Teach skills in proper progression.	Provide on-site supervision.

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		KINDERGART	TEN TO GRADE 9	
Use trestles or wall climber.  Do equipment set up and adjustment under teacher direction.  Check clamps and feet of trestles, wall lever and floor pins of wall climber to ensure climber and apparatus are secure.  Check equipment daily for defective parts.  Place mats on landing areas.	Wear close-fitting gym clothing.  Bare feet are acceptable. Wear running shoes or gymnastics slippers. Remind students to tie their shoelaces securely.  No jewelry.	Design the floor plan to allow enough space around each piece of apparatus for safety of movement.  Design the floor plan to allow for landings at safe distances away from walls and other equipment.  Remove excess equipment (e.g., tables and chairs) from perimeter of gym.	Place mats on all designated landing areas. Hanging inversions require direct instruction of teacher and placement of a 30.5 cm - 60.9 cm (12" - 24") landing mat.  No inversions in which student is more than 1.5 m above the floor.  Avoid overcrowding by students.  Adjust equipment so it is appropriate to height of students and activity being performed.  A child may climb on top of a horizontal ladder or bars that are set at student chest height. Students may hang from the horizontal ladder or bars if the height of their feet does not exceed the standing chest height of the student (i.e. standing height)  No jumping from anything higher than the jumper's own shoulder height.  No approaching horizontal ladders and bars of trestles from the side as trestles could slide sideways.  Teach skills in proper progression.	Provide constant visual supervision.

## GYMNASTICS CLIMBING ROPES

Kindergarten to Grade 9

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
	•	KINDERGART	TEN TO GRADE 9	
Place mats under ropes (velcro mats together).  Check ropes regularly for fraying. Don't use severely frayed ropes, as students get slivers.  For inversion activities use a 30.5 cm - 60.9 cm (12" - 24") landing mat.	Wear close fitting gym clothing.  Bare feet are acceptable. Wear running shoes or gymnastics slippers. Remind students to tie their shoelaces securely.  No jewelry. Tie back long hair.	Design floor plan to allow enough space around each piece of apparatus for safety of movement.  Design floor plan to allow for landings at safe distances away from walls and other equipment.  Remove excess furniture and equipment (e.g., tables and chairs) from perimeter of gym.	No inversions in which the student hangs more than 1.5 m above the floor.  Introduce rope activities in a developmental sequence.  Teach skills in proper progression.	Provide on-site supervision.  Provide constant visual supervision for inversions.

## **GYMNASTICS**

MATS Kindergarten to Grade 9

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		KIND	ERGARTEN TO GRADE 9	
Place mats on all designated landing areas under and around equipment.  Where mats are side by side, velcro them together.  Do not overlap mats. Check mats regularly for wear and tears.  Appropriate sizes for utility mats are:  • ensolite 3.8 cm (1½")  • trocellen 5.1 cm (2")  • ethefoam 3.8 cm (1½")  • polyethylene mats of equivalent compaction rating 5.1 cm (2")  Use a 30.5 cm - 60.9 cm (12" - 24") landing mat when a student is in an elevated inverted body position.	Bare feet are acceptable. Wear running shoes or gymnastics slippers. No sock feet. Wear gym clothing that allows unrestricted movement. No jewelry. Tie back long hair and remove barrettes.	Design floor plan so that there is enough space around each piece of apparatus for safe movement.  Design floor plan so that landings take place at a safe distance from walls and other equipment.  Remove excess equipment (e.g., tables and chairs) from perimeter of gym.	Be aware of the physical limitations of students (e.g., strength, flexibility, weak wrists, epilepsy).  Discourage students from attempting to perform front and back walkovers and backward rolls (directly over the head).  Backward shoulder rolls can be performed instead.  Teach skills in proper progression.	Provide on-site supervision for mats and utility boxes. Provide constant visual supervision if students are doing inversions on this equipment.

### **GYMNASTICS**

#### MINI-TRAMP Kindergarten to Grade 9

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		KINDERGART	TEN TO GRADE 9	
Cover frame and springs with secure protective padding.  Place velcro mats to designate landing area. Allow no gaps between mini-tramp and landing surface.	Wear close fitting gym clothing.  Bare feet are acceptable. Wear running shoes or gymnastics slippers. Remind students to tie shoelaces securely.  No jewelry.  Tie back long hair.	Design floor plan to allow enough space around each piece of apparatus for safety of movement.  Design floor plan to allow for dismounts at safe distances away from walls and other equipment.  Remove excess furniture and equipment (e.g., tables and chairs) from perimeter of gym.	No aerial somersaults off the mini-tramp.  Teach skills in proper progression.	Provide constant visual supervision.

# GYMNASTICS MINI-TRAMP Grades 10-12

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
	'	GRADE	S 10 TO 12	
Cover frame and springs by secure protective padding.  Use general utility mats or 10 cm (4") landing mat for landings, not thick landing mats.  Set up equipment so there are no gaps between the minitramp and the landing surface.	Bare feet are acceptable. Wear running shoes or gymnastics slippers. Remind students to tie their shoelaces securely. No jewelry. Tie back long hair.	Design floor plan to allow enough space around apparatus for safety of movement.  Design floor plan to allow for dismounts at safe distances away from walls and other equipment.	No inversions or aerial somersaults (e.g., dive rolls, somersaults).  Teach skills in proper progression.	Provide constant visual supervision during initial instruction. Provide on-site supervision following initial instruction.

## **ICE HOCKEY**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
	•	GRAD	ES 10 - 12	
Have a first aid kit available on site.  Wear approved CSA hockey helmet with cage, gloves, elbow pads, and throat protector.  If using regulation	No jewelry.  Wear properly fitting skates.	Use ice surface that is free from debris and deep ruts.	No slap shots.  No body contact and stick on body contact.  Base games on skills that are taught.  Modify the game to suit equipment available and ability of students.  No goaltender unless all players are fully	Provide on-site supervision.
hockey puck, wear full hockey equipment.  Check sticks often for cracks and splinters.			equipped.  Outline and enforce all rules.  Teach skills in proper progression.	

## **INTERLACROSSE**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
INTERLACROSSE:  Use "soft" lacrosse balls.  Have goaltender wear a face mask.  Use molded plastic sticks or wooden sticks.	No metal cleats.  Wear suitable clothing and footwear.  No jewelry.	Inspect the playing area regularly to be sure it is free of debris and obstacles, and provides good footing.  Bring holes and severely uneven surfaces to the attention of the principal and make students aware of them.	Teach skills in proper progression.  Base games on skills that are taught.  INTERLACROSSE:  Play only non-contact lacrosse in physical education class.  Modify rules to exclude stick on stick, or stick on body contact and to prevent accidental contact within 1 m of the gym wall or playground fence.  Stress student responsibility regarding individual space.	Provide on-site supervision.

## LOW ORGANIZATIONAL GAMES

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
Use equipment that is in good repair.  Use a ball that is appropriate for the age, size, strength and skill level of students.  Use a ball type that is appropriate to the activity. (consult the physical education teacher or designate)	Wear suitable footwear (e.g., shoes for outdoor games).  No jewelry.	Use an outdoor playing area that is free of debris and obstructions and provides safe footing.  Use an indoor playing area that is free of hazards such as tables and chairs both in the area and on the perimeter of the area.	Teach students to stop playing immediately when a signal (such as a double whistle blast) is given.  When students are playing games indoors that involve a goal line or running to a line, don't use walls as a goal.	Provide on-site supervision.

## **CHALLENGE COURSE – LOW LEVEL**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		GRAD	DES 4 - 12	
Use only equipment provided and operated by the commercial venue.	Wear clothing adequate for out-of-doors activities and weather conditions.  Student footwear must be appropriate to the course requirements.	Student may participate in "Challenge Courses" in commercially developed and operated venue.	Adhere to the venue rules and regulations.  Ensure students are instructed regarding the physical skills required by the course obstacles.  Physical participation in the course obstacles must adhere to the design and purpose of the obstacle and activity.  Students must be instructed on the use of a designated one-on-one spotter at all times while on the course. No student shall be on the course without the use of a designated spotter.	Provide on-site supervision by teacher, parent or venue staff while students are on the course.  There must be adequate number of spotters to assist students while on the course.

**GENERAL GUIDELINES** 

SUPERVISION

#### **ALL GRADES**

Have all outdoor education excursions approved by principal or designate.

Approval can include consideration of itinerary, suitability of trip activities to the curriculum, travel time, safety factors, supervision arrangements, age appropriateness.

Overnight trips are approved by the Superintendent of Learning.

Have parents complete parental consent forms prior to any student going on outdoor education trip.

For all trips requiring transportation, prepare a list of all the students in each vehicle, provide it to the chaperones, and leave a copy at the school and Division Office.

For overnight trips, have students provide medical information to the chaperone, including their health card number and any special health information.

Make supervisors on trip aware of any students with medical problems and any student on medication. (Form 216-6)

Have students on vital medication bring an extra supply. Be sure this medication is in a clearly marked container in the supervisor's possession.

Handle all medications in accordance with the board of education's policy on dispensing medication.

Provide trip supervisors with a list of parent contact/emergency contact numbers.

Use only staff or volunteer drivers who comply with board of education requirements for insurance. Copy of drivers license and insurance is to be provided

Provide the teacher supervising the trip with telephone number and location of nearest doctor, and location of nearest hospital and nearest phone.

Define maximum number of days allowed for outdoor education trips in board of education policy.

Typical information on parent consent forms includes itinerary, date, relationship of trip activities to curriculum, supervision arrangements, cost per student, behavioral expectations, inherent risks, and where applicable, date and time of parent information meeting.

Provide students with a list of recommended clothing and personal items suitable for the specific activity.

Wear appropriate clothing (refer to AP132) sun protection for all outdoor education activities.

A written plan including an itinerary, communication plan (ensuring cellular coverage) and safety plan will be submitted to and approved by an inschool administrator prior to leaving the school.

Provide both male and female chaperones for mixed gender groups on overnight trips.

Have access to a vehicle for emergency purposes.

Designate a supervisor (e.g., teacher or parent) who is not the supervisor in charge of the trip to transport an injured student to hospital.

### **BACKPACKING**

Day trips from school or base camp – Grades 6-12 Extended trips with overnight camping – Grades 10-12

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		GRAD	DES 6 - 12	
All equipment shall be listed and approved by the principal as part of the pre-trip planning, including:  Flashlight  Water bottles  Whistle or other signaling device  An necessary medication  First aid kit  Cell phone  Nutritious food  Repair kit  Ziplock bags Bear/pepper spay  Insect repellent  Sun protection  Matches  Individual backpacks  Helmet (if appropriate) Appropriate shoes/boots Appropriate layers of clothing  Rain gear  Maps, compass, GPS  Sleeping bags  (Ref: AB page 50)	Wear comfortable and durable flat shoes or boots.  Wear clothing in layers suitable for the season.  No jewelry.	Use only designated trails.  Take a map of the route on the trip and leave a copy with the supervisor at the school.  Ensure that teacher is familiar with the route.  If backpacking trip originates from base camp, leave a map with the supervisor at base camp.  Determine if cellular coverage is available. If unavailable or questionable rent satellite phone.	Have trip supervisors carry any necessary medication for designated students.  Plan trip so that length and difficulty is appropriate for age and ability of students.  Use a buddy system.  Familiarize students with the route.  Postpone trip if there is any indication of threatening weather that could put student safety at risk.  Make students aware of:  • emergency procedures  • signal to assemble.  Avoid traveling in darkness.  Ensure that trip supervisors are aware of location of nearest phone and/or help in an emergency.	Provide on-site supervision.  Recommended ratio of supervisors to students:  • day hikes - 1:15  • local overnight hikes - 1:15  • distant overnight hikes - 1:8  Supervisory duties: All necessary equip should be checked before the trip Only designated trails should be used.  Register at warden's office if applicable

**CAMPING** 

An extended overnight camping experience in an outdoor environment with students using tents and doing their own food preparation. No canoeing.

**Dorm camping – Grades 1-12** 

**Tent camping – Grades 1-12** 

**Overnight camping – Grades 4-12** 

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL	GRADES	
Collect and check all necessary equipment before the trip.  Equipment includes:  • whistle or other signaling device • first aid kit • flashlight • shovel • sun protection	No bare feet in campsite area.  Wear clothing in layers suitable for the season.  Clothing for overnight camping includes:  • sleeping bag/blanket • rain gear.	Plan trip so that washroom facilities are accessible.  Have access to a phone (cel phone or regular phone within walking distance).	Plan program in detail with contingency plans for inclement weather.  Remove all food items, gum and cosmetics from tents at night and keep in bear-proof containers or cars.  Prior instruction must be provided before students can fill and light camp stoves.  Safe operation of cooking stove shall be instructed before use by students.  Make students aware of behavioral expectations, boundaries for activity, assembly procedures.	Provide constant visual supervision when filling and lighting camp stoves.  Provide on-site supervision for other activities.  Have at least one leader with current first aid certification.  Have some leaders with previous tent camping experience.  Have access to a vehicle for emergency purposes.
waterproofed matches.	No jewelry.		Plan program activities that are age and skill level appropriate.  No open flames near tents.  Develop a process to account for students and to identify any students who may be missing.  Provide food and drink of a nutritious quality and quantity appropriate for high energy outdoor activity.	Designate an adult supervisor who is not the "in-charge" supervisor to accompany an injured student to hospital.  Recommended ratio of supervisors to students:  • Grades 4-9 - 1:8 • Grades 10-12 - 1:15.

	A written plan including an itinerary, communication plan (ensuring cellular coverage) and safety plan will be submitted to and approved by an in-school administrator prior to leaving	
	the school.	

### OPEN LAKE / FLAT RIVER CANOE TRIPPING

Traveling in groups by canoe through wilderness or semi-wilderness areas for a period of time which may include an overnight camp – Grades 9-12

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
	•		GRADES 9-12	
Equipment includes:  • extra paddle per canoe • first aid kit • waterproof matches • 8 m length of rope • repair kit for canoe.	Wear properly fitting, Transport Canada approved life jacket/P.F.D., with whistle attached, at all times while on the water. Clothing includes: • rain gear	Plan a route that is appropriate to age/ability of students.	Complete a trip itinerary and file it with an appropriate school official.  Develop an emergency action plan and communicate it to all involved with the trip.  No trips through white water.  Test all candidates for participation in a school canoe trip for the minimum standards in each of the areas as outlined below:	Have at least one supervisor with Canadian Recreational Canoeing Association Level II Canoe Tripping certification. If the group is divided into two trips, then have two supervisors with these qualifications.  Have at least one supervisor with:  1) National Lifeguard Service Lifeguard Certificate, or
	<ul> <li>appropriate clothing in layers</li> <li>dry change of clothing.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>1. WATER SAFETY</li> <li>Prior to water activities, students must provide evidence of swimming competency by:</li> <li>• wearing a CSA floatation device</li> <li>• swim 100 m continuously any stroke</li> </ul>	2) Current first aid qualifications such as:  St. John Emergency First Aid Certificate, or  Canadian Red Cross Emergency First Aid Certificate, or

No jewelry.	• tread water for 3 minutes	Royal Life Saving Society Aquatic
	• demonstrate the help/huddle position.	Emergency Care Certificate, or
		<ul> <li>Canadian Ski Patrol First Aid</li> </ul>
		Certificate.

**CANOE TRIPPING continued** 

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION		
	SECONDARY LEVEL (Continued)					
			2. CANOEING SKILLS  Demonstrate basic competence in the following skills:  • power stroke  • "J" stroke  • sweep strokes  • draw stroke  • backwater strokes  • proper entry/exit from canoe  • self rescues in dry and/or swamped canoes  • canoe over canoe rescue procedures  • synchronized strokes  • packing a canoe portaging techniques.  Have mastered the "J" stroke.  Instruct students on how to handle unexpected wind and wave conditions.  3. RELATED AREAS Familiarize students with:  • basic first aid and hypothermia  • personal camping and canoeing equipment and repairs  • suitable clothing  • camping skills and safety  • environmental concerns	Have at least one supervisor who has experience with:  • bug season • cold water rapids (recognize inherent danger and ways to avoid) • cooking over open fire without a grate • camp craft waterproofing methods during wet weather.  Have at least one supervisor with general knowledge of the area. Establish a systematic pattern for group travel and communication.  Have two adult supervisors on overnight trips.  Where female and male students participate in a trip, provide both female and male supervisors.		

	• use of a compass	Ratio of supervisors to students: 1:8.
	map reading.	
	Postpone trip if there is any indication of inclement weather or cold water conditions severe enough to put students' safety at risk.  Teach skills in proper progression.	

**CANOEING** 

Pools – Grades 6-12

Lake Water Canoeing – Grades 6-12

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
	•		GRADES 6-12	
No aluminum canoes in pools.  Check paddles for cracks and splinters.	Wear correct fitting, Transport Canada approved P.F.D./life jackets, with whistle attached for open water canoeing. Wear clothing that is appropriate for open water canoeing.	Select water conditions appropriate for the skill level of the group.	Before open water canoeing, demonstrate competency in:  • power stroke • "J" stroke • sweep stroke • draw stroke • backwater stroke • proper entry/exit from canoe • self rescues into dry and/or swamped canoes • canoe over canoe rescue procedures • synchronized strokes, positioning of paddlers, and packing the canoe.  Have a rescue craft on shore and accessible while students are canoeing on open water.	Have an instructor with Canadian Recreational Canoeing Association Level One Lakewater Canoeing Certification.  Provide on-site supervision when students are canoeing.  Have access to a vehicle for emergency purposes.  Designate a supervisor (e.g., teacher or parent) who is not the "in-charge" person to transport an injured student to hospital.  Have at least one supervisor with:  National Lifeguard Service Lifeguard certificate, or Current first aid qualifications, or St. John Emergency First Aid Certificate, or Royal Life Saving Society Aquatic Emergency Care Certificate, or

No jewelry.	Prior to water activities, students must provide	Canadian Ski Patrol First Aid Certificate.
	evidence of swimming competency by:	Ratio of supervisors to students:
	<ul> <li>wearing a CSA floatation device</li> <li>swim 100 m continuously any stroke</li> <li>tread water for 3 minutes</li> <li>demonstrate the help/huddle position.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Grades 6-9 - 1:10</li> <li>Grades 10-12 - 1:15</li> </ul>

**LAKE SWIMMING – Grades 4-12** 

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHI FOOTWI		FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
	'			GRADES 4-12	
Equipment includes:	Wear appropriate swimming	Use a sthat is:	wimming area	Written parental permission for child to be involved in any swimming activity is desirable. Permission note can indicate child's swimming ability (e.g. non-swimmer, capable swimmer).	Provide on-site supervision.
<ul> <li>buoy line</li> <li>whistle or other signaling device</li> <li>first aid kit(s)</li> </ul>	attire.  No jewelry.  Tie back long hair or wear it in a bun.	<ul><li>free</li><li>rope devi</li><li>of su temp</li></ul>	rly marked from hazards d off with floating ces nitable water perature onably clear.	Identify and observe non-swimmers.  Follow posted rules and regulations of swimming area.  Use a definite counting system at regular intervals (e.g., number students and every 15 minutes blow whistle and have them count off).  Use a buddy system.	Have one supervisor with current certification:  • National Lifeguard Service Lifeguard Certificate Waterfront option, or  • National Lifeguard Service Pool Certificate with two years waterfront experience
<ul><li>throw line</li><li>reaching assists.</li></ul>			mming in fast grivers or streams.	No swimming if there are any indications of bad weather.  No swimming after dark.	

loc	rior to trip, check with ocal authorities to etermine whether water	Swimming allowed only in designated area.  No distance swims.	Provide at least one other adult supervisor in addition to the lifeguard.
iss	safe for swimming.	Position lifeguard so s/he is clearly visible to all swimmers at all times. In an emergency situation, lifeguard is in charge.	Have access to a vehicle for emergency purposes.
		Have an emergency action plan in place.  Inform students of acceptable standards of behaviour in the water.	Designate a supervisor (e.g., teacher or parent) who is not the "in charge" supervisor to
		No diving.	transport an injured student to hospital.
		No flotation devices.  Practice an emergency water drill (e.g., assemble on shore with 3 loud whistle blasts).	Lifeguard to swimmer ratio: 1:25.
		Length of swim depends on skill and age of swimmers, condition of atmosphere, condition of water, time of day.	
		Teach skills in proper progression.	

INDOOR ROCK CLIMBING/ROPE & FIXED-FACE CLIMBS
(Top Rope Climbs Only)
Grades 6-12

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		GRA	DES 6 - 12	
Wear helmets for rock climbing. Helmets reduce the potential for injury.  Use ropes and associated climbing equipment designed specifically for rock climbing.  Use ropes that are minimum 11 mm diameter and constructed for rock climbing.  Have a first aid kit available on site.  Use a mechanical belay system instead of a body belay (e.g., stitch plate, minute hitch, figure 8, carabiner brake).	No loose clothing.  No jewelry.	Use a climbing area appropriate for age and ability levels of the students.	Design an emergency action plan and communicate it to all involved in the program.  Clearly outline safety procedures to students.  No climbs on slippery and/or wet rocks.  Unless tied in, stay clear of the top edge of the rock face.  Have access to completed medical forms at all times.  Instructor inspects all equipment prior to the climb.  No lead climbing or protection placement.  Ensure that instructor/leader is familiar with the climbing area.  Teach skills in proper progression.	For rock climbing, have an instructor who is a Rock Guide as certified by the Association of Canadian Mountain Guides.  For gym climbing, have an instructor who is a Level 2 Instructor as certified by the Association of Canadian Mountain Guides.  Have a suitable means of transporting an injured climber available.  Supervisor/student ratio: 1:8.  Teacher accompanies students to the site and remains on site for the instruction if a person other than the teacher is doing the instructing.

### **PARACHUTE ACTIVITIES**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
Check the parachute to ensure that it is in good condition.	Wear suitable clothing and footwear.  No jewelry.	Establish a safety procedure.  Use a playing area that is free of all obstacles.  Clearly define court boundary lines.	No games played where any body part is put through the hole in the chute.  Teach proper skill progression before games are introduced.	Provide on-site supervision.  Provide constant visual supervision for K-grade 3.

# RACQUET SPORTS BADMINTON, RACQUETBALL, SQUASH

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
	•	AL	L GRADES	
Eye protection must be worn for racquetball and squash. Safety eye goggles reduce the potential for injury and must be recommended to all competitive badminton members as per ASAA recommendations.  Use racquetball and squash racquets that are equipped with a thong that is worn around the wrist.  Use balls that are appropriate to the skill level of players (e.g., foam balls, tennis balls or vinyl balls).	Wear suitable clothing and footwear.  No jewelry.	Clearly define court boundary lines.  In side-by-side court situations, establish safety procedures.	When teaching skills, allow adequate space for each player to make an uninterrupted swing.  Teach and enforce the code of etiquette for court play (e.g., not entering a court in use).  No more than 4 players on a playing area.  Teach skills in proper progression.	During initial instruction, provide on-site supervision.  After instruction, provide in the area supervision.

## RACQUET SPORTS PADDLEBALL, TENNIS, PICKLEBALL, PADDLE TENNIS

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
	•	ALL (	GRADES	
Use racquets that have a good grip and are in safe playing condition.  Use racquets, for selected racket sports, that are equipped with a thong that is worn around the wrist.	Wear suitable clothing and footwear.  No jewelry.	Use a playing area that is free from debris and obstructions, and provides safe footing.	When teaching skills, allow adequate space for each student to make a free and uninterrupted swing.  Teach and enforce the code of etiquette for court play (e.g., not entering a court being used).  Teach skills in proper progression.  Modify activities/skills to the age and ability level of the participants.  No more than 4 players on a playing area.	During initial instruction, provide on-site supervision.  After instruction, provide in the area supervision.  During equipment set-up, provide on-site supervision.

### **SCOOPBALL**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
Use scoops and balls	Wear suitable	Choose a playing area	Teach proper skill progression before games	Provide on-site supervision.
that are in good	footwear and clothing.	that is free of	are introduced.	
playing condition (e.g., no cracks and/or chips).  Have goalie wear a protective mask.	No jewelry.	obstructions including tables/chairs and other equipment around the perimeter.	No intentional contact (e.g., body to body or scoop to body).  Stress student responsibility regarding the need for individual space.	

### **SCOOTER BOARDS**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
Use scooter boards that are in good repair (e.g., no cracks, broken edges, or loose wheels).	Wear shoes at all times.  No loose, hanging clothing.  Tie back long hair or put hair in a bun when lying on scooter.  Wear footwear and clothing that promotes unrestricted movement.  No jewelry.	Use an area that is free of obstructions including excess equipment around perimeter (e.g., tables, chairs, mats, boxes.).  Establish boundaries away from walls or use protective mats to eliminate protrusions (e.g., handles on stage storage).	No standing on scooter boards.  Stress to students that scooter boards are not to be used like skateboards.  In relay-type activities, allow room for slow-down or run-off area.  Teach skills in proper progression.  No scooter to scooter intentional contact.  In scooter soccer and scooter hockey, no high swings with legs and sticks.	Provide on-site supervision.

### **SCUBA**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
All equipment supplied or inspected by a certified PADI/ NAUI instructor	Wear suitable swimwear and a t-shirt.  Tie hair back or wear it in a bun.  No jewelry.  If diving in an outdoor pool, wear water resistant sunscreen.  No jewelry.	Use community pool or a diving facility.  For open water diving, see high risk activities	Adhere to aquatic center regulations  Shower prior to entering the pool  No students with infected cuts or sores in the pool  Do screening/testing in the shallow end prior to diving in the deep end  Use parent permission for off campus activities.  Be aware of medical problems that may be contraindications to diving. A history of diabetes, heart dysrhythmia, convulsions, epilepsy, ear infections, ear drum rupture and active asthma may be cause for concern.	Ensure there is an individual in the immediate vicinity who is readily accessible and who has current first aid and CPR qualifications.  Teacher and certified PADI/NAUI instructor provide constant visual supervision.  Monitor change rooms

## **SKATING (ICE)**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION		
	ALL GRADES					
Wear a correctly fitting helmet and skates.	Clothing/gear includes:  • properly fitted skates gloves or mitts.  When skating outdoors, dress for weather conditions.	Before skating on outdoor ponds, determine ice safety with absolute certainty. Contact local authorities for information.	Select activities that are appropriate to the skill level of the students.  Teach skills in proper progression.  Avoid tag type games, racing and "crack-the-whip".  Provide ice space for beginning skaters separate from accomplished skaters until beginning skaters master basic skills.  Make students and parents aware of the need for extra caution and control on the ice including common procedures such as skating in the same direction during a free skate.  Inform parents by letter of their child's involvement in skating and the importance of wearing a helmet and proper hand covering.  Discuss recognizing and treating frostbite prior to outdoor skating.  Stress skating technique, not speed, in all games, challenges, and drills.	Provide on-site supervision.		

### SKIING (Alpine) SNOWBOARDING

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
	•	ALL (	GRADES	
Use only rental equipment inspected and issued by a certified technician.  Ensure students supplying their own equipment are aware equipment must be checked and in good repair.  All students and staff snowboarding and/or skiing must wear a correctly fitting helmet.  All parent supervisors snowboarding and/or skiing are encouraged to wear a correctly fitting helmet.	No long scarves.  Tie back or tuck in long hair.  Wear clothing adequate for winter out-of-doors activity and the weather conditions.	Ski/snowboard only on appropriate areas as identified by a qualified ski instructor.  Ski/snowboard in a commercially operated ski facility.  Ski/snowboard in an area patrolled by members of a recognized ski patrol.  "Terrain Parks" will not be accessible during school trips.	Adhere to the resort rules and regulations:  All students will be tested and grouped appropriately as determined by a qualified ski/snowboard instructor. All students shall receive instruction at their level of competency. Those students identified by the instructor as needing additional instruction must participate in extended instruction.  Teach students the importance of skiing/snowboarding in control at all times. Discourage hot-dogging and jumping.  Ensure that students are thoroughly familiar with alpine skiing/snowboarding safety rules (including lift procedures) and the role of the ski patrol.  Prior to the excursion, discuss the following:  • proper clothing • frostbite and hypothermia • sunburn  Inform parents by letter of their child's involvement in skiing/snowboarding and make them aware of the importance of suitable clothing and equipment.	Review the suggestions in the "Skiing / Snowboarding Best Practices"  Have access to a private vehicle and driver for medical emergencies.  Provide on-site supervision. A system for on-hill and chalet supervision must be clearly arranged and communicated to all supervisors prior to the trip, including:  • Completion of rental forms • Retrieval and return of rental equipment • Behavioral management • On-hill safety monitoring • Transportation of injured students. Designate a supervisor (e.g., teacher or parent) who is not the "in-charge" person to transport an injured student to hospital on the recommendation of the resort medical staff.

#### Organizational Best Practices - Skiing (Alpine) / Snowboarding

#### 1) Organizational – Pre-departure

- a) Planning Considerations
  - Complete a "Bussing Field Trip Request" form. Approval by school principal or designate. Form submitted to Transportation Supervisor two or more weeks in advance.
  - Prepare letter to parents at least 6 weeks before departure date
  - The ratio of students to staff shall be 15:1 with groups of 60 or more.
  - There should be a designated supervisor with their personal vehicle available for emergency purposes.
  - Cell phone(s) provide greater accessibility to parents, hospitals, coordination of onsite supervisors, etc.
  - ♦ All pertinent information regarding health care numbers, emergency contact, phone numbers, etc. shall be available onsite.
- b) Clearly defining the skiing and snowboarding activities
  - Activities not defined as "skiing" and "snowboarding" are not to be provided by the facility or condoned as part of the school trip (e.g. no alpine skating, access to terrain areas shall be permitted).
  - Students shall receive instruction for skiing and snowboarding on the public slopes. No lessons on terrain park equipment will be provided as part of the school trip.
- c) Communication to Parents
  - Letter, permission slip, release forms for injury.
  - Plan and distribute a detailed trip itinerary.
  - Require accurate height, weight and boot size information.
  - Ensure consent form is returned with parent signature.
  - Send home reminder notes.
- d) Completion of Registration Forms
  - Forms should be completed and signed two weeks in advance of the trip.
  - Forward ski hill deposit two weeks in advance of the trip.
- e) Collection and Tracking of Funds
  - Provide parents with receipts for all money collected
  - Define all instructional and supervisory arrangements for students not attending the ski trip

- f) Safety Instruction
  - Clearly define all ski hill rules, transportation expectations, ski hill and skiing behavioral norms as part of Physical Education instruction before departure
  - Inappropriate behavior results in being grounded from further skiing/snowboarding and being in assigned to a designated supervisor
  - Mandatory lessons before skiing or snowboarding
- g) Bus loading
  - Assign two students to a seat on the bus
  - Students may select partners unless a behavioral problem occurs
  - Students are permitted to eat on the bus. Students are responsible for ensuring the cleanliness of the bus before final unloading.

#### 2) Onsite Considerations

- a) Retrieval / Return of rental equipment
  - A designated supervisor should write the equipment rental number on the student's hand
  - Students should leave the ski hill 30 minutes early to avoid lineups with return rentals that may possibly result in a late departure from the hill.
- b) Supervision. Parent supervisors may arrange their own transportation in their vehicles
  - (1) On-hill: Designate supervisors to defined areas
    - Three skiing supervisors on the hill
    - At least two supervisors at the base of the hill, with one always in the chalet to address student's questions and concerns
  - (2) Chalet
    - One supervisor in charge of helping fit boots
    - One supervisor in charge of helping fit skis and bindings
    - Two supervisors in charge of writing the equipment rental numbers on hands and assisting students put their skis on.
    - Establish a base in the chalet where students know they can go for help.
- c) Facilitating lunch breaks
  - Students may schedule their lunch break considering lesson times and periods of congestion in the chalet
- d) Response to injuries
  - Attempt to notify parents at home or work immediately based upon medical report

- One designated supervisor to transport student to the hospital if necessary
- One designated staff supervisor always accompanies the student to the hospital
- ♦ A cell phone provides for constant access between supervisors off- and on-site
- First aid course for those teachers supervising so that they can be more helpful in assessing student accidents.
- ◆ Complete A school Incident Report form for Insurance Purposes (Form 530-1)
- e) Transportation of injured students
  - The hill arranges ambulance for major injuries
  - Private staff vehicles may be used to transport students diagnosed by medical staff with minor injuries
- f) Bus loading procedures
  - Ensure that students are informed regarding time for loading
  - The bus location in the parking lot should be clearly communicated

#### 3) Post Trip Considerations

♦ Note to parents of great day

### **SKIPPING**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
Use ropes of	Wear shoes at all	Use an area that is free	Teach skills in proper progression.	Provide in the area
appropriate length for	times.	from obstructions to		supervision.
size and ability of students.	No jewelry.  Wear suitable clothing and footwear.	enable safe movement.  Provide adequate personal space.		

### **SOCCER**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
Secure moveable heavy wood and metal outdoor nets to the ground.  If using a moveable outdoor soccer goal, select one that is counter-balanced in order to reduce the potential for tipping.  Inspect nets regularly.  Use nerf balls or indoor soccer balls for indoor soccer.  Use indoor nets appropriate for gymnasium.	No metal or molded cleats.  Wear suitable footwear and clothing.  Shin guards are recommended for additional protection.  No jewelry.	Inspect outdoor playing area regularly for debris and obstructions.  Use an area that provides suitable footing and is well away from traffic.  Report holes and severely uneven surfaces to the principal and make students aware of them.  Identify a goal crease.  Use collapsible, soft pylons or field paint to mark boundaries and lines.	No tackling.  Teach skills in proper progression.  Limit the amount of time spent on heading drills.  Insist that students must never climb on moveable outdoor goals.  Instruct students in the safe handling of and potential dangers associated with moveable outdoor goals.	Provide on-site supervision.

### STREET HOCKEY BALL HOCKEY

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
Stick blades should be checked regularly to ensure the blade is securely attached to the stick.  Use only regulation hockey ball and hockey stick with a plastic blade.  Goalies must wear protective mask; e.g. hockey helmet with cage.  Use "soft" ball; e.g. P30, P40, nerf ball, yarn ball, plastic, soft rubber, or felt puck.	Wear appropriate athletic shoes at all times.  No jewelry.  Wear suitable clothing.	Use an area that is free from obstructions to enable safe movement.  Provide adequate personal space.	<ol> <li>Teach skills in proper progression.</li> <li>Instructional guidelines:         <ol> <li>Stick must remain below waist at all times;</li> <li>No slap shots;</li> <li>No body contact, stick on body, or stick on stick contact;</li> <li>Penalties for stick infractions should be strictly enforced;</li> <li>Implement a crease for protection of the goalie; e.g. size of basketball key;</li> <li>No other player or players' stick allowed in crease; and,</li> <li>Games and activities should be based on skills that are taught.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	Provide in the area supervision.

### **TABLE TENNIS**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
Use regulation size table tennis paddles and balls.  Check tables and paddles to be sure they are in good condition.	Wear suitable clothing and footwear.  No jewelry.	Set up tables so that students can move around them.  Play where floor surfaces are smooth, level and dry.  Play in an area that is free of all obstacles.	Teach skills in proper progression.  Establish a careful routine for set-up and dismantling of tables with direct teacher supervision.	Provide on-site supervision during set-up and dismantling of tables.  Provide in the area supervision during play.

### **TEAM HANDBALL**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL GRA	DES	
Use indoor nets appropriate for gymnasium.  Use a nerf ball, soft utility ball, soft volleyball or team handball.	Wear suitable clothing and footwear.  No jewelry.	Play in an area that is free from debris and obstructions and provides safe footing.	No body contact.  Modify activities and rules to suit the age and ability of students and the facilities/equipment available.  Clearly identify a crease area if using a goalie (e.g., full key area).  Allow only the goaltender in the crease area.  Teach skills in proper progression.	Provide on-site supervision.

### **TETHERBALL**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
Use a tetherball that is in good repair, with properly working connections at ball and at pole.  Use a rope that is in good repair and not excessively frayed.  Check pole periodically. Repair a pole with a severe lean or one that is loose at the base.	Wear suitable footwear and clothing that permits unrestricted movement.  No jewelry.	Place tetherball poles in areas away from traffic and away from areas where other games are played.	Instruct children in skills and rules before the game is played.  Teach skills in proper progression.  No tetherball games in slippery, wet conditions.	Provide in the area supervision.  Require that tetherball be set up by an adult or a student under adult supervision.

### **TOBOGGANING**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
	•	ALL (	GRADES	
First aid kit and phone must be accessible.  Toboggan must be in good repair with no jagged edges.  Toboggan: <b>Definition</b> : a commercial sliding device.  All toboggans must be approved by Supervisor before use.	Clothing should be appropriate for outdoor activity (e.g. toque/hat, gloves/mitts, boots, warm jacket/coat, etc.) are recommended.  All scarves should be tucked into jacket/coat.	For any site, students should be made aware of the defined boundaries of the activity.  The hill and run-out section at the bottom of the hill should be free of hazards.  The run-out space should be adequate for safe stopping.  The area should be designated for tobogganing for the duration of the activity.  The hill should have a level take-off / launch area at the top of the slope.	Teach safety and sliding skills in proper progression.  Discuss frostbite and hypothermia and how to recognize and treat.  Parents and students should be informed of importance of sun protection.  Emergency procedures should be established and communicated to students.  No more than two to a toboggan.  Seated use on all toboggans. No standing or sledding headfirst.  There shall be a designated sledding area (down) and a designated walking area (up).  There should be a safe distance between descending toboggans.  No jumps or obstacles.  The toboggan path should be clear before take-off / launch.	Provide on-site supervision.

## TRACK AND FIELD DISCUS

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION		
	GRADES 6 - 12					
Use a discus that is of a size and material appropriate for the age, gender and physical maturity of the student.  Use a discus that is free of cracks, chips and other damage. Check the discus regularly for damage.  Provide protective screening around the throwing area. (A baseball screen may provide suitable protection.)	Wear suitable clothing and footwear.  No jewelry.	Use a landing area that is well marked and free of people during the activity.  Choose a throwing area that is free of obstacles and completely closed to traffic. (No other activity in the area where discus is taking place.)  Ensure that the discus circle area provides safe footing.	Require instructor and students not throwing to be behind thrower (behind a screen).  Teach skills in proper progression.  Establish safe throwing and retrieving procedures.  Instruct students in safety prior to teaching and practice.  Establish precautions to ensure the safety of all students before any activity with the discus begins.	Provide constant visual supervision.		

HIGH JUMP Grades K-12

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		GRAI	DES K-12	•
Use a landing area that is appropriate for the age, size and skill level of the students. The minimum mat size is a single 1.5 m x 3 m x 50 cm (5' x 10' x 20") mat.  Wet rope or elastic may be used rather than a crossbar.  Check poles for cracks regularly.  Check pits regularly for damage.  Place standard utility mats around the landing surface with no gaps.  No metal crossbars.	Wear suitable clothing and footwear.  No jewelry.	For both indoor and outdoor jumping, design area so that approach area is clear, smooth, dry and trafficfree.  Indoor jumping only when the floor provides a non-slip surface.	Require student bar monitors to stay in front and to the side of standards at all times.  Stress progressions and technique rather than competition.  Stress controlled approach.  If student is using "flop style", encourage take-off closer to the nearest upright on approach.  Ensure that landing mats and velcro mats are firmly secured and do not slide when jumper lands.  Teach skills in proper progression.	Provide constant visual supervision.

## TRACK AND FIELD HURDLES

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		GRAD	DES 8 - 12	
Use "scissor" hurdles, light hurdles or loose crossbars for classroom instruction.	Use type of footwear appropriate for the age, size, and skill level of the student .  Wear suitable gym clothing and footwear.  No jewelry.	Use an appropriate area that provides a flat, clear surface.	Instruct students on how to set up equipment properly.  Modify heights and distances to accommodate different ability levels.  Teach skills in proper progression.	Provide on-site supervision.

## TRACK AND FIELD JAVELIN

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		GRAD	ES 6 - 12	
Have inexperienced students use a blunted javelin or a substitute javelin such as a hockey stick minus the blade.	Wear appropriate clothing and footwear.  No jewelry.	Use a runway that is smooth and flat.  Use a throwing area that is free of obstacles and completely free of traffic.  No other activity in the area where the javelin is being thrown.	Teach students to lead and throw with the elbow to avoid elbow injuries.  Enforce the "all throw" and "all retrieve" rule when more than one student is participating.  Have spectators and non-competing athletes remain behind the throwing area.  Teach skills in proper progression.	Provide constant visual supervision.

SHOT PUT Grades 6-12

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		GRAD	DES 6 - 12	
Use only shots designed for indoor activity in the indoor program.  Use equipment of appropriate size and weight for age and strength of student.	Wear suitable footwear and clothing.  No jewelry.	Use a landing area that is well marked and free of people during activity.  Use a putting area that is safe underfoot.	Establish safe routines for putting and retrieving of shots.  Have only one specified putting direction, completely free from traffic.  Teach skills in proper progression.  Transport all shots safely to and from throwing area.	Provide constant visual supervision.

TRACK EVENTS SPRINTS, 400 m, 800 m, 1500 m, 3000 m, RELAYS

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
Use plastic, wood, or aluminum relay batons.	Wear suitable footwear and clothing.  Use type of footwear appropriate for the age, size, and skill level of the student.  Wear shoes.  No jewelry.	Use outdoor areas that are designated for running, clearly marked, away from other activities, checked for hazards, and that provide safe footing.  Inspect all tracks annually and maintain as necessary.	Teach the skills associated with running in a progression of developmental steps.  Include proper warm-ups and cool-downs in all inclass sessions.  For indoor sprinting in hallways: no running where there are glass doors or showcases  • position a safety barrier in front of doors  • put pylons at stop points.  For distance running, modify length of run so it is appropriate to the age and ability level of the participant.  Take into account:  • temperature of the day  • previous training and length of preparation.  Teach skills in proper progression.	Provide on-site supervision for sprints and relays.  Provide in the area supervision for middle distance (400 m, 800 m and 1500 m) events.  When running above distances, students may be temporarily out of sight. Thus, running in pairs or groups is advised.

TRIPLE JUMP, LONG JUMP

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
Equipment includes:  • sand pit • rake • shovel or spade.	Use type of footwear appropriate for the age, size, and skill level of the student.  Wear suitable clothing.  Wear shoes.  No jewelry.	Use a pit filled with sand.  Ensure that landing area is soft with plenty of sand and no foreign objects.  Use a takeoff area that is firm and flat.  Dig pit at least once a season.  Locate pits so they are removed from high traffic areas and away from other activity sites in use (e.g., ball diamonds).	No jumping when there are slippery conditions.  Teach skills in proper progression.  Train students to be rakers. As part of training, include rules such as:  • remove rake before next competitor begins approach  • begin raking after competitor is out of pit  • rake sand into the middle of the pit rather than out to the sides.	Provide constant visual supervision during initial lessons.  Provide on-site supervision after skills have been taught.

### **VOLLEYBALL**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		ALL (	GRADES	
Store poles so that there is no danger of them falling onto anyone.  Use nets that are free of exposed wires along top or frayed wires along poles.  Use ball appropriate for age and ability of students.	No jewelry.  Wear suitable footwear and clothing.	Use a playing surface that provides good traction.  Use outdoor volleyball courts that provide safe footing.  Use a gym that is free of hazards (e.g., equipment and furniture in corners/on sidelines).  Require students who are attaching net to pole to stand or chair or ladder.	Replace floor plugs when volleyball poles are removed.  Teach skills in proper progression.  Organize drills so as to minimize the risk of being hit with an errant ball.  Modify activities/rules to the age and ability level of participants.	Provide on-site supervision of activity.  If students are involved in setting up and putting away volleyball poles, provide constant visual supervision.

### **WATERPOLO**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION
		GRAI	DES 8-12	
	Wear appropriate swimming attire.  No jewelry.  Tie hair back or wear it in a bun.	Use a school or community swimming pool.  Don't use backyard pools for class instruction.	Inform swim instructor of any students having any medical problems that may affect the student's safety in the water.  Require students to meet a minimum swimming standard (e.g., swim 100 m any stroke and tread water for 3 minutes).  Modify rules to accommodate age and ability of participants.  Teach skills in proper progression.	Have a certified lifeguard on duty at all times.  Provide constant visual supervision.

### **WEIGHT TRAINING**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION				
GRADES 8-12								
Inspect all equipment regularly and repair as necessary.	Wear suitable clothing and footwear.  No jewelry.	Secure weights in a secure storage area that can be locked when it is not in use.  Ensure flooring is dry and stable.	Instruct all students in proper lifting techniques and safety procedures, including spotting.  Use a buddy system when lifting free weights over body.  Secure free weight plates in place before using.  Individualize all programs.  Teach skills in proper progression.	Provide in the area supervision for use of weight machines and free weights, following instruction on safe use.				

## **WRESTLING** (Combatives)

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION				
GRADES 6 - 12								
Use 5.1 cm (2") mats with velcro sides.	No jewelry.  Wear suitable clothing.  No glasses.	Check mat surfaces regularly for irregularities.	During warm-up activities emphasize conditioning and flexibility.  Teach skills in proper progression.  Ensure that students are aware of the importance of keeping fingernails closely trimmed.  Match participants of similar weight, strength and gender.  Ensure that area surrounding the mats is free of obstructions/hazards.  Provide suitable distance between the edge of wrestling area and surrounding walls.  Encourage "down" wrestling for beginner wrestlers.  Outline rules and illegal moves.  Permit students to be referees only under the direct supervision of the instructor.	Provide on-site supervision.				

### **ZIP LINE / HIGH ROPES COURSE**

EQUIPMENT	CLOTHING/ FOOTWEAR	FACILITIES	SPECIAL RULES/ INSTRUCTION	SUPERVISION					
Middle Level / Secondary									
Use all equipment required by the facility.	Clothing should be appropriate to the weather conditions.  Clothing should be appropriate as defined by the facility.	This activity shall only occur at a licensed, commercial venue.	Design an emergency action plan and communicate it to all involved with the program.  Teach skills in proper progression.  Clearly outline safety procedures to students.  Follow all rules and regulations defined by the facility.  Students should not be encouraged to perform activities beyond their physical and psychological abilities.	Ensure a qualified instructor provides safety instruction and initiates the activity for each student.  Provide constant visual supervision with a teacher / adult supervisor at each end of the activity.					